1	:	STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
2		PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
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4	July 27, 2011 -	
5	Concord, New Ha	MHPUC AUG12'11 PM 3:05
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7	N	OT 11-151 MERRIMACK COUNTY TELEPHONE COMPANY:
8		Petition for an Alternative Form of Regulation. (Prehearing conference)
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10	PRESENT:	Chairman Thomas B. Getz, Presiding Commissioner Clifton C. Below
11		Commissioner Amy L. Ignatius
12	: '=	Sandy Deno, Clerk
13		
14	APPEARANCES:	Reptg. Merrimack County Telephone Company: Paul J. Phillips, Esq. (Primmer, Piper)
15		Reptg. Daniel Bailey:
16		Alan Linder, Esq. (N.H. Legal Assistance)
17	14. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Reptg. Residential Ratepayers: Meredith Hatfield, Esq., Consumer Advocate
18		Stephen Eckberg Office of Consumer Advocate
19		
20		Reptg. PUC Staff: Matthew J. Fossum, Esq.
21		Kate Bailey, Director/Telecom Division David Goyette, Telecom Division
22	•	Michael Ladam, Telecom Division
23	Court	Reporter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52

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{DT 11-151} [Prehearing conference] $\{07-27-11\}$

1	PROCEEDING	
2	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. Good morning,	
3	everyone. We'll open the prehearing conference in Docket	
4	DT 11-151. On July 5th, 2011, Merrimack County Telephone	
5	filed a petition for an alternative form of regulation.	
6	An order of notice was issued on July 7 setting the	
7	prehearing conference for today.	
8	I'll note that we have a Notice of	
9	Participation from the Office of Consumer Advocate, and	
LO	that the affidavit of publication has been filed. And, we	
L1	also have a Petition for Intervention by the New Hampshire	
L2	Legal Assistance.	
L3	So, can we begin with appearances.	
L4	MR. PHILLIPS: Good morning, Mr.	
L5	Chairman and Commissioners. I'm Paul Phillips, from the	
L6	law firm of Primmer, Piper, Eggleston & Cramer, here	
L7	representing the Petitioner, Merrimack County Telephone	
L8	Company. And, I'm joined by Mr. Tom Murray, who is the	
L9	External Relations Manager for TDS Telecom, which is the	
20	parent company of MCT.	
21	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning.	
22	MS. HATFIELD: Good morning,	

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Consumer Advocate, on behalf of residential customers.

Commissioners. Meredith Hatfield, for the Office of

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And, with me for the Office is Steve Eckberg. 1 2 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning. 3 MR. LINDER: Good morning, Mr. Chairman and Commissioners. My name is Alan Linder. I'm with New 4 5 Hampshire Legal Assistance. We represent Dan Bailey, a 6 residential customer of Merrimack County Telephone 7 Company. Good morning. CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning. 8 MR. FOSSUM: And, good morning. Matthew 9 Fossum, for the Staff of the Public Utilities Commission. 10 11 And, with me this morning are Kate Bailey, David Goyette, and Michael Ladam from Commission Staff. 12 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning. First, 13 let's address the Petition for Intervention from New 14 Hampshire Legal Assistance. Is there any objection to 15 that Petition to Intervene? 16 17 MR. PHILLIPS: Mr. Chairman, Merrimack 18 County does object for a number of reasons. One is that the filing was made late, late in the day yesterday, which 19 20 was well after the deadline set by the Commission. I've not had a chance to consult with my client team about it, 21 22 and particularly with the members of the team who participated in the last MCT case, in DT 07-027, nor have 23 we had a chance to consult with NHLA as to the grounds for 24

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their intervention or ways we might narrow it, how we could negotiate that. So, just based on the filing itself, we oppose it because it is tardy, and that tardiness is prejudicial to us, because the evidence that we presented shows that, on average, MCT is losing about 70 access lines per month, and has been since December of 2004. And, so, time is of the essence for us to get the -- to get our case in chief before the Commission.

And, what it means for us is that we would want an opportunity to respond to the NHLA petition in writing. We'll, obviously, talk about this at the tech session that follows, but we anticipate we'd need about a week or ten days to prepare a written opposition. And, then, obviously, there is some time for the Commission to deliberate on the matter. All of which is undue delay caused by the late filing, which means that we would then wait longer to get our case going before the Commission. So, that's Issue Number 1.

Issue Number 2 for us is that NHLA did intervene without objection in the last MCT case, in 07-027. And, in that case, there was a settlement that was reached with both Staff and with the Office of Consumer Advocate and MCT to resolve the issues in the case. The only holdout was NHLA. And, despite very

vigorous and reasonable attempts to get a settlement on the part of MCT, we were not able to get a settlement with NHLA. And, the consequence of that was that we spent well over three years litigating that case.

And, at the conclusion of that case, in the order in the Kearsarge alternative regulation matter, the order of December 22nd, 2010, the Commission ultimately ruled that the issues that NHLA had raised were inconsistent with the purposes of the statute. And, that's the statute that's at issue in this case.

And, so, we feel that NHLA's participation in that case also created undue delay and prejudice to MCT. We anticipate that they would be raising similar issues here, even though the Commission has already resolved many of those issues in MCT's favor.

And, finally, we're here before the Commission on an amended statute. The Legislature has just amended 374-B:3. And, the way that they have amended it is actually to narrow the interests that low income consumers would raise. The issues raised by NHLA in the last case involved the affordability and the availability of stand-alone basic service and how that was proven through comparability with competing services. All of those issues have been taken away in the amended statute.

The amended statute now focuses squarely on the loss of access lines. And, that is the proxy for robust competition. The evidence that we've presented is that -- is that MCT has lost over 5,000 access lines since December of 2004. And, so, when it comes to the issues that NHLA would raise, what the Commission found in the December order was that -- was that the interests of low income consumers are already protected by statute. And, so, the focus of the statute is on competition, not on stand-alone basic service or pricing, affordability, or any of those other issues.

What the Legislature did recently in SB-22, when it amended the statute, was to actually lower the cap from 10 percent to 5 percent, the cap by which MCT stand-alone basic rates can exceed the current FairPoint rate. And, so, the Legislature has taken additional measures legislatively to protect low income consumers. And, so, the Commission's concerns raised in the December order are even stronger now under the new statute.

So, our view is that the interests that NHLA has raised, and, you know, I mean no disrespect to them, are very, very narrow. And, in fact, in our view, they are entirely indistinguishable from the general public interest that is served by the Staff's presence, by

the general consumer interests that are served by OCA's participation in the case. There really is no greater interest that NHLA brings to the case than is already represented by other parties in the case.

And, so, our view is that the Commission ought to deny their Petition to Intervene. In the event the Commission intends to grant their intervention, we would ask that their intervention be very strictly narrowed, and narrowed in several respects. To focus only on the issue they have raised, which is the affordability of stand-alone basic service, and narrowed in a procedural way, to limit the scope of their discovery, to limit their — any testimony they might file, to limit their cross-examination of our witnesses, so that it's focused solely on that one issue.

Now, in our view, that issue is a simple mathematical calculation that the Legislature has created, it's a 5 percent cap. We don't believe there is a factual dispute about that. But, if the Commission believes there's an open question, and that's the basis for NHLA's intervention, we would ask the Commission to narrow their intervention to just that question.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, before I let others have an opportunity to weigh in, let me ask a

couple of questions. First, on your first point, you seemed to be suggesting that NHLA would be in the tech session following this prehearing conference, even if we didn't rule in their favor today or deferred ruling. So, is that your assumption that --

MR. PHILLIPS: My assumption is that, absent a clear denial of their petition from the Bench today, in the prehearing conference, that they would be participating in the tech session.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: And, then, following that, it seems, on your second point, and we haven't heard what position NHLA will take today, but it seems like the basis of your assumption of undue delay is weighted on the fact that they have disagreed with you substantively in the past about what should happen with alt. reg. And, I mean, that seems like hardly a basis for denying a petition for intervention.

MR. PHILLIPS: Respectfully, Mr.

Chairman, it's not just that they disagreed with our position in the past. It's that the Commission itself ruled that the issues they were raising were inconsistent with the statute that we're advancing today as well. So, in other words, we are trying to avoid a situation where NHLA is re-litigating issues that we spent more than three

years litigating previously.

2 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, I guess that gets
3 to the last point. When you say "narrow their
4 participation", I mean, aren't you basically saying that

we should only deal with issues that are relevant to this

6 proceeding?

MR. PHILLIPS: Well, what I'm saying is that you should only allow them to advance arguments that are relevant to the basis for their intervention. And, in our view, what they're saying is that they're concerned only about the affordability and the availability of stand-alone basic service. Our basic position is that that issue is already fully protected by statute. But, if the Commission believes there is still an open question about how those rates are calculated or how access line counts are calculated or something of that nature, that you limit their intervention to just those issues.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: And, you're, in that respect, relying on Item Number 5 in their petition from yesterday, where it says "The Petitioner seeks to assure universal access to affordable stand-alone basic telephone service"?

MR. PHILLIPS: Yes. That's right.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Mr. Linder, opportunity

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to reply.

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MR. LINDER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman and I believe that, other than the fact that, Commissioners. and we apologize for this, that the Petition for Intervention has been filed four days late, but nevertheless prior to the prehearing conference, we have, I believe, met the criteria of the statute that governs intervention. We have shown a direct interest or our petition alleges a direct interest of a residential customer of the petitioning company, who receives service from the Company, who will be affected by any change in rates, who will be directly affected, whether adversely or otherwise, could be directly affected, if the Petition were granted, and the plan that was -- accompanied the Petition is approved as is, without any changes.

So, having alleged a direct interest, which could be adversely affected by the granting of the Petition and the plan as proposed, results in a residential customer directly affected who would not be allowed to participate, and not be allowed to raise issues that the customer feels directly impacts the customer.

So, I think our opinion is that we have met the criteria of the intervention statute, but for the fact that it has been filed four days late, and that the

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       criteria then would be whether there is -- that would
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       result in some undue delay or undue prejudice. And, I
       don't think the fact that the Company dis -- that we may
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       or may not disagree with the Company's position is a
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       grounds to oppose intervention.
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                         So -- and, I was going to wait until the
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       Commission allowed the parties the opportunity to make a
       statement of preliminary position to set forth our precise
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       interest in this matter, which I can do at this point.
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       But --
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, actually, I was
       going to suggest that I think that would inform us, if we
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       went around in the normal order to hear the positions of
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       the parties, and I think that might be helpful. But, in
       the interim, Ms. Hatfield or Mr. Fossum, do you have any
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       thing to say about the Petition to Intervene?
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                         MS. HATFIELD: I do, Mr. Chairman.
       I'd be happy to wait until Mr. Linder discusses their
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       preliminary statement of position, if that is okay with
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       the Commission?
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. We can do that.
       Commissioner Below.
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                         CMSR. BELOW:
                                       I have a question for
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       Mr. Piper -- I mean, I'm sorry, Mr. Phillips.
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MR. PHILLIPS: That's quite all right.

2 CMSR. BELOW: I think you asserted that

the Legislature has sort of addressed this by providing
that maximum stand-alone rates don't increase by more than
5 percent in each year above -- up to the comparable rates
charged by the largest incumbent carrier, pursuant to RSA

MR. PHILLIPS: Yes.

374:3-b, III(b), right?

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CMSR. BELOW: And, the petition on behalf of Daniel Bailey says "the Petitioner seeks to assure universal access to affordable stand-alone basic telephone service." And, yet, the new statute, the revised statute has a separate section that is part of 374:3-b, III, that says, starting at III, "The Commission shall approve the alternative regulation plan if it finds", and then it has (a), (b), which is the provision for the maximum stand-alone basic local rate and the rate of increase over four years after the plan is approved. Then, it has (c). And, then, (d) is a separate finding that the Commission has to make, is that "The plan preserves universal access to affordable stand-alone basic telephone service." And, doesn't that suggest that we have to make a finding on that issue that goes above and beyond the finding relative to what the maximum

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       stand-alone basic local service rate would be?
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                         MR. PHILLIPS: Well, it does,
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      Mr. Commissioner. I agree with that, with that reading of
       the statute. You know, our position is not that there's
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      not an issue in the case. It's that that issue is already
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       adequately represented, in fact, fully represented by the
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      Office of Consumer Advocate. And, so, there's simply no
      need for an additional party to come into the case to
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       argue essentially the same position, and, thereby, you
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      know, expend resources and time that are not needed.
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                         CMSR. BELOW: Okay. Thank you.
                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: All right. Well, let's
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       turn then to opportunity for the parties to explain their
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      positions, and then we'll return to the issue of the
       intervention after we've gone through that.
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      Mr. Phillips.
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                                        Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
                         MR. PHILLIPS:
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      Merrimack County Telephone Company seeks approval of a
      proposed alternative regulation plan pursuant to RSA
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       374:3-b, as recently amended by the New Hampshire General
      Court. The amendments to the statute, which were enacted
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       as Senate Bill 22, took effect on June 14th, 2011.
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                         MCT is an incumbent local exchange
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       carrier serving fewer than 25,000 access lines, and so is
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14th, 2010.

eligible to seek alternative regulation under 374:3-b.

MCT previously petitioned for approval of alternative

regulation under an earlier version of the statute. That

petition date was March 1st of 2007. The Commission

denied the petition more than three years later, on May

Under the amended statute, MCT must show that it has 25,000 -- I'm sorry, 25 percent fewer access lines in service today than it did on December 31st, 2004. The Company has prefiled the testimony of Mr. Tom Murray to show that MCT has lost over 5,000 access lines between December 2004 and December 2010, a figure that represents a loss of more than 28 percent of MCT's access lines. As the testimony also explained, this figure is a conservative count, because MCT revised the methodology it uses to count its access lines in 2005. But, under the figures that were actually filed in the Annual Report in 2004, MCT has lost nearly 6,300 access lines, or nearly 33 percent of its access lines in service since December 2004. And, so, MCT has amply demonstrated that it qualifies for approval of an alternative regulation plan on that standard.

The plan that MCT proposes is materially identical to the plans that were already approved by the

Commission for other MCT affiliates in New Hampshire, including Wilton and Hollis, Kearsarge, and in Union Telephone most recently. These plans, like the MCT proposed plan, fully satisfied the requirements of 374:3-b.

There is one difference I would say in the plan, and that is, because MCT serves a larger number of towns than the other affiliates do, we have not proposed a Lifeline/Link-Up Outreach Program as part of the plan, but we anticipate discussing this issue with Staff and OCA during the tech session. We believe this issue is one that can be fairly easily resolved through settlement.

The extent of access line loss in MCT's service area reflects a robust competition, and represents a serious challenge to MCT's continuing ability to serve as a carry of last resort to its rural customers.

Approval of an alternative form of regulation will allow MCT to meet the challenges of competition in its area, by creating regulatory flexibility in its rates, services, and operations, while maintaining solid protections for ratepayers in the form of rate caps. Under the amended statute, competitive entry into MCT's service territory is substantially eased under the new statute.

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And, so, just in sum, MCT urges the Commission to approve the alternative regulation plan and to do so expeditiously. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Thank you. Mr. Linder.

MR. LINDER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman and Commissioners. The order of notice that was issued in this case indicates that the Commission will be considering a number of issues in this case. One of which is the one that Commissioner Below pointed out, and that is whether the Company's plan preserves universal access to affordable basic stand-alone telephone service. And, that is the reference in the statute to RSA 374:3-b, as in "boy", III, Subsection (d), as in "dog", as amended in June of 2011. That, as Commissioner Below pointed out, Subsection (d), III(d), as in "dog", is different than -from III, Subsection (b), as in "boy", which I will refer to as the "rate cap" subsection. That is different from the access to affordable basic stand-alone telephone service in Subsection III(d), as in "dog".

The Legislature it's a basic principle of statutory construction that the Legislature would not have two separate sections if they meant the same thing. And, our focus in this proceeding is intended to be on Subsection 3 -- III, Subsection (d), as in "dog". And,

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the question is "whether the Company's plan, as filed with the Commission, does, in fact, preserve universal access to affordable basic stand-alone telephone service?" And, that is separate from the "rate cap" subsection, which imposes a 5 percent rate increase per year for the first four years, and then after which the Company's rates can increase up to what is now the FairPoint level, and that's apart from exogenous charges.

In our opinion, the Company's plan is deficient with respect to III, Subsection (d). And, without the addition of several provisions, which I'm going to mention in a moment, it is our opinion, and our purpose for being involved in this proceeding, is that the plan would not preserve universal access to affordable basic stand-alone service. And, the two provisions which we feel should be in the plan that are not are that, number one, efforts to expand participation of the Company's customers in the Company's federally funded Lifeline Discount Program. The Commission could take administrative notice of certain portions of DT 07-027, but it was clear from the record in that case that there are a very small number of the Company's customers who participate in the Lifeline Program. And, that number, really, in our opinion, needs to be and can be expanded.

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And, without a provision in the plan committing the Company to serious efforts to increase Lifeline participation, that alone, in our opinion, would make the plan deficient.

Heard counsel state that counsel is willing to discuss that, and that counsel agreed that that was not in the plan. Again, if the Commission chose to take administrative notice of certain portions of DT 07-027, the Commission would find that all of the plans by -- that were proposed by all of the TDS companies, including Merrimack County Telephone Company, did contain a provision with respect to Lifeline.

The second provision that we feel should be in the plan, in order to promote these -- in order to carry out the statutory provision of preserving access to affordable basic stand-alone service, is a rate freeze provision for a limited period of time. When counsel for the Company referred to earlier in his statement to the Settlement Agreement that was proposed in DT 07-027, and counsel is correct that New Hampshire Legal Assistance's client did oppose that Settlement Agreement, but even that Settlement Agreement had in it, for all four then TDS companies, including Merrimack, a rate freeze provision, and the rate freeze consisted of a rate freeze for a

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limited period of time, one to two years, for basic exchange customers, and it also included a provision for a rate freeze for four years for Lifeline customers. That does not appear at all in the Company's plan.
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And, it would be our position that such a provision for a rate freeze for a limited period of time for those two categories of residential customers should be part of the plan. And, it would be our position that the Commission should not approve the plan in the absence of the plan being amended to include the provisions for a limited rate freeze for those categories of residential customers, and a provision to expand participation in the Company's federally funded Lifeline Rate Discount Program.

And, so, with that, I think that is the statement position on behalf of our client, Daniel Bailey. Thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Thank you.

Ms. Hatfield.

MS. HATFIELD: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. The OCA does not have a position at this time. We are hopeful that the parties can meet in a technical session and discuss areas of agreement and areas that we might litigate.

I did want to speak briefly to the

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motion for intervention. The OCA supports it. And, we're disappointed that it seems as though the Company's main basis for objecting to it is an assumption of the substantive position that New Hampshire Legal Assistance might take on behalf of its client.

And, we -- Mr. Phillips did make several statements, when he was discussing the Company's objection, although he did note that he hasn't consulted with his client yet, so perhaps there is room for them to reconsider their strong objection. But he did make several statements regarding why the statute was amended, and I believe he said "it was amended to narrow issues that low income customers would raise." And, I would like an opportunity to respond to that if he provides that in writing. And, he also, I think, I think a few others have mentioned it correctly, but I think Mr. Phillips discussed the statute allowing the Company to raise its rates so that it would "exceed the FairPoint rate by 5 percent", which I don't believe is correct. So, if he does file a response, we might like to have the opportunity to respond, if some of those statements are made, just so that the record clear.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: When you say "file a response", meaning a written response to an objection to

1 the Petition to Intervene?

MS. HATFIELD: Yes. And, my hope would be that we could discuss this during the technical session and make that not necessary. But I did just want to raise those issues that, if factual statements are made and/or statements about interpreting the statute, we would just want an opportunity to respond to those at some point.

And, then, I would also note that it's our view that any technical session held after the prehearing conference is public. So, whether or not you have ruled on New Hampshire Legal Assistance's motion, we believe that they would be entitled to participate. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. Thank you.

Mr. Fossum.

MR. FOSSUM: Thank you. As far as concerns -- I'll address first the Motion for Intervention. Staff has no objection to NHLA's Motion to Intervene.

As for the Petition, though Staff has been reviewing the Petition, we do not, at this time, have a position on it. We do acknowledge that the law in this area has been recently amended. And, at least initially, it appears that Merrimack County's line loss is sufficient

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       to meet that particular factor of the amended statute.
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                         With that said, though, Staff will
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       certainly continue to evaluate the plan, as well as
       further suggestions or amendments that may be made to it
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       for its compliance with the terms of the amended statute.
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       And, we'll look forward to working with the parties in the
       technical session following this conference to develop a
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       schedule and hopefully to narrow some of the issues that
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       have come up.
                         (Chairman and Commissioners conferring.)
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: Mr. Phillips, we'll give
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       you, as the Petitioner, the opportunity to speak last.
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                         MR. PHILLIPS:
                                        Thank you.
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ:
                                        Either to substantive
       issues or the procedural issues.
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                         MR. PHILLIPS: Yes. Thank you. Let me
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       first address Ms. Hatfield's concerns. First, I obviously
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       misspoke on the FairPoint rate. And, so, I do apologize
       for that. I think that the statute makes it clear what
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       the rate cap provides. So, there's not really an issue
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no longer as great an issue for low income consumers

for discussion there. When I talked about the Legislature

"narrowing the interests of low income consumers", what I

meant by that was that the -- that there's no -- there's

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because the Legislature gave them more protections when they amended the statute. They lowered the rate cap. They actually added the words "stand-alone" in two different places, so that, you know, now the Commission actually gets to look at that as an issue. And, you know, I think equally as importantly, they added Subsection VI, which provides for no hearing when a competitive entrant wants to enter a small ILEC's territory under an AFOR plan.
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So, in these ways, the Legislature was demonstrating that the statute already protects rate issues, pricing issues, issues that affect low income consumers, and does so, you know, even more than it did before. And, yet, even under the earlier statute, as the Commission found in the December 22nd order, you know, you said the statute -- that "basic service is protected by other portions of the statute", and so the issue -- the only -- the primary focus of the statute is on competitiveness issues, not on pricing issues or rate issues. And, so, -- and that's the December 22nd order at Page 23.

And, so, the statute already protects those interests. And, what I was saying was that the Legislature took additional measures to create even more

protections. And, as these protections were enacted, the interest, the cognizable interest that Mr. Bailey or NHLA might have in the outcome of the proceeding was made narrower. And, in our view, it has been, you know, effectively extinguished and made indistinguishable from the interests that is represented by OCA.

And, so, that's our position. And, we don't feel a need to litigate issues again about stand-alone basic service. We think the Commission spoke, you know, fully on that issue in the December 22nd, 2010 order. After three years of litigation on the matter, we think we're done on that. And, we simply want to get to as expeditious a proceeding as we can get to. And, that's why we're trying to preserve everybody's time and expenses in this matter. Thank you.

CMSR. IGNATIUS: I did have a question, Mr. Phillips. The last point you just made about feeling a need for "expeditious treatment", and I think everybody would agree with that, I have to say I don't understand, though, why the intervention request by Legal Assistance would delay the proceeding? You said earlier that, "because you would need to file an objection, you would

CHAIRMAN GETZ: All right. Thank you.

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need -- we would need time to deliberate, we would need

time to issue an order, and that would cause you prejudice and cause you to wait longer to get the case going" was how you put it. We're about to go into a tech session, not wait for a ruling on this, on this question, I think you conceded earlier.

MR. PHILLIPS: Yes.

CMSR. IGNATIUS: So, how does this issue delay you getting the case going?

MR. PHILLIPS: Well, the point I made about the "need to file a written response and the need for the Commission to deliberate on the question" really had to do with the lateness of the petition. Because, in our view, if the petition had been timely filed, we would have had an opportunity to talk about the matter with NHLA before we got into the room here, and we might have well been able to narrow their issues or resolve their issues in some fashion, and so we wouldn't have to oppose it entirely. That's where the prejudice comes in, from our perspective, with the lateness.

With respect to NHLA's intervention as a general matter, the concern we have is that, first of all, as I've said, their interest, we believe, is very narrow. We believe that it is, you know, adequately represented by other parties. And, you know, in candor, we are, you

know, chastened by the experience of trying to resolve these issues with NHLA from a prior case. It was a difficult matter. It did not ultimately result in a resolution of the issues. We feel that the plan, which has now been approved by the Commission in four other cases, for four other companies, was actually a product of those negotiations. It showed that it was -- it was a result of compromise in which we were trying, you know, reasonably and fairly aggressively to get to a settlement with NHLA. It didn't reach that point, unfortunately, but the plan nonetheless reflects, you know, the movement of the Company toward NHLA's position.

And, so, I would just say that, just as, you know, this is what we're saying, reacting to a late-filed petition, without, you know, the ability to talk about it with the Petitioner.

With respect to the Lifeline/Link-Up issue that Mr. Linder raised, every single AFOR plan that the TDS companies have gotten approval for has included a Lifeline/Link-Up Outreach Program. We are confident that this one will as well. The issue, as I said, is that Merrimack County Telephone serves a greater geographical area. And, so, in the Union case, in DT 11-024, as the Commission found, that plan had a much more specific, much

more deadline-driven, much more concrete Lifeline and Link-Up Outreach Program than the Wilton, Hollis, and Kearsarge plans had. That reflects TDS's responsiveness to the Commission's concerns in the earlier plans.

Our concern with MCT is that to do that on a greater geographical area creates a greater burden for us. And, so, we want to have that discussion with Staff and with OCA. It's not our intention simply to ignore the issue. In fact, it's our intention to respond to the issue. And, we would have addressed that with Mr. Linder, if the petition had been timely filed, we would have been able to take that up with him prior to this prehearing conference.

But I want to assure him and assure the Commission that we are cognizant of the concern, obviously well aware of the concern. We have responded to the concern in a prior case, and plan to do so as well in this case.

(Chairman and Commissioners conferring.)

CMSR. IGNATIUS: Mr. Phillips, a couple of times you've said that -- you've referenced the prior case in a long, protracted struggle, and specifically the Legal Assistance's unwillingness to enter into a Settlement Agreement. Are you suggesting that there was

intentional delay or abuse of the process on the part of

Mr. Linder or his client?

MR. PHILLIPS: No, I'm not.

CMSR. IGNATIUS: And that the issues that Legal Assistance raised were the cause of that docket taking so long and being somewhat tortured in its process?

MR. PHILLIPS: No, I'm not suggesting anything of the sort. And, as I said initially, part of my concern coming into the hearing today is that I've not had a chance to talk to the client team that worked on that case. My impression was that there was a fully stipulated settlement with the public parties that was not approved by NHLA, and that the fact that the case could not be fully settled was the reason that it had to be litigated. And, that's, obviously, a procedural issue. But I'm not trying to impugn motive or anything, an intent like that behind the reasoning.

What I am suggesting, however, is that, in a case like this, when you have both Staff and OCA participating fully, and representing both the public interest, the general interest of the public, as well as the particular interest of consumers, it becomes — it becomes more complicated when individual ratepayers are advancing their individual interests. And, I'm not

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suggesting they don't have a right to do that. I'm simply suggesting that their interests in this case can be and in our view should be subsumed within the participation of OCA.

CMSR. IGNATIUS: Thank you.

(Chairman and Commissioners conferring.)

CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. With respect to the Petition to Intervene, we find that the Petition to Intervene would be in the interest of justice and would not impair the orderly and prompt conduct of the proceeding. So, we would grant NHLA's Petition to Intervene. I would note, however, under 541-A:32, does provide that the Commission could limit the participation. I would say, however, based on what we've heard so far, I'm not sure what that limitation, if any, would be, if there's a basis for it, or how it actually would work administratively. But I think it's premature for us to do anything with that respect. And, actually, I would expect, Mr. Phillips, you know, based on what happens in the technical session, I guess would serve to inform you on whether there is any basis for making such a request under 541-A:32 to limit the participation of NHLA in any way.

But, in any case, we're not seeing that

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       basis today, but we're not prejudging what may come out of
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       some filing by you or some response by the other parties
       with respect to that issue.
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                         Is there anything else that we need to
       address today?
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                          (No verbal response)
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                         CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. I think, with
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       that, we will close the prehearing conference. Await a
       recommendation out of the technical session, and then take
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       the procedural matters under advisement. Thank you,
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       everyone.
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                          (Whereupon the prehearing conference
                         ended at 10:52 a.m., and a technical
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                         session was held thereafter.)
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